LACROSSE HANDOUT

Men's lacrosse is a contact game played by ten players: a goalkeeper, three defensemen, three midfielders and three attackmen. The object of the game is to shoot the ball into the opponent's goal. The team scoring the most goals wins.

- Each team must keep at least four players, including the goalie, in its defensive half of the field and three in its offensive half Three players (midfielders) may roam the entire field.
- Generally, high school games are 48 minutes long, with 12 minute quarters. Each team is given a two minute break between the first and second quarters, and the third and fourth quarters. Half-time is ten minutes long.
- Teams change sides between periods. Each team is permitted two time-outs each half. The team winning the coin toss chooses the end of the field it wants to defend first.
- Men's lacrosse begins with a face-off. The ball is placed between the sticks of two
 squatting players at the center of the field. The official blows the whistle to begin play.
 Each face-off player tries to control the ball. The players in the wing areas can release;
 the other players must wait until one player has gained possession of the ball or the ball
 has crossed the goal line.
- Center face-offs are also used after a goal and at the start of each quarter.
- Players may run with the ball in the crosse, pass and catch the ball. Only the goalkeeper may touch the ball with his hands.
- A player may gain possession of the ball by dislodging it from an opponent's crosse with a stick check, which includes the controlled poking and slapping of the stick and gloved hands of the player in possession of the ball.
- Body checking is permitted if the opponent has the ball. However, all contact must occur
 from the front or side, above the waist and below the shoulders. An opponent's crosse
 may also be stick checked if it is within five yards of a loose ball or ball in the air.
- If the ball or a player in possession of the ball goes out of bounds, the other team is awarded possession of the ball. If the ball goes out of bounds after an unsuccessful shot on goal, the player nearest to the ball when and where it goes out of bounds is awarded possession.
- An attacking player cannot enter the crease around the goal, but may reach in with his stick to scoop a loose ball.

Field Positions

- **ATTACK:** The attackman's responsibility is to score goals. He generally restricts his play to the offensive end.
- **MIDFIELD:** The midfielder's responsibility is to cover the entire field playing both offense and defense.
- **DEFENSE:** The defenseman's responsibility is to defend the goal. He generally restricts his play to the defensive end of the field.
- **GOAL:** The goalie's responsibility is to protect the goal and stop the opposing team from scoring.

Personal Fouls

The penalty for a personal foul is a one to three minute suspension from play and possession to the team that was fouled. Players with five personal fouls are ejected from the game.

- SLASHING: Occurs when a player's stick contacts an opponent in any area other than the stick or gloved hand on the stick.
- TRIPPING: Occurs when a player obstructs his opponent at or below the waist with the crosse, hands, arms, feet or legs.
- CROSS CHECKING: Occurs when a player uses the handle of his crosse to make contact with an opponent.
- UNSPORTSMANLIKE CONDUCT: Occurs when any player or coach commits an act which
 is considered unsportsmanlike by an official, including taunting, obscene language or
 gestures, and arguing.
- UNNECESSARY ROUGHNESS: Occurs when a player strikes an opponent with his stick or body using excessive or violent force.
- ILLEGAL CROSSE: Occurs when a player uses a crosse that does not conform to required specifications. A crosse may be found illegal if the pocket is too deep or if the crosse was altered to gain an advantage.
- ILLEGAL BODY CHECKING: Occurs when any of the following actions take place: (a) body checking of an opponent who is not in possession of the ball or within five yards of a loose ball: (b) avoidable body check of an opponent alter he has passed or shot the ball; (c) body checking of an opponent from the rear or at or below the waist; (d) body checking of an opponent by a player in which contact is made above the shoulders of the opponent. A body check must be below the neck, and both hands of the player applying the body check must remain in contact with his crosse.
- ILLEGAL GLOVES: Occurs when a player uses gloves that do not conform to required specifications. A glove will be found illegal if the fingers and palms are cut out of the gloves, or if the glove has been altered in a way that compromises its protective features.

Technical Fouls

The penalty for a technical foul is a thirty second suspension if a team is in possession of the ball when the foul is committed, or possession of the ball to the team that was fouled if there was no possession when the foul was committed.

- HOLDING: Occurs when a player impedes the movement of an opponent or an opponent's crosse.
- INTERFERENCE: Occurs when a player interferes in any manner with the free movement
 of an opponent, except when that opponent has possession of the ball, the ball is in
 flight and within five yards of the players, or both players are within five yards of a loose
 ball.
- OFF SIDES: Occurs when a team does not have at least four players on its defensive side
 of the midfield line or at least three players on its offensive side of the midfield line.
- PUSHING: Occurs when a player thrusts or shoves a player from behind.
- SCREENING: Occurs illegally when an offensive player moves into and makes contact
 with a defensive player with the purpose of blocking him from the man he is defending.
- STALLING: Occurs when a team intentionally holds the ball. without conducting normal
 offensive play, with the intent of running times off the clock.
- WARDING OFF: Occurs when a player in possession of the ball uses his free hand or arm to hold, push or control the direction of an opponent's stick check.

Field Positions: The dimension of the field is 100 yards by 60 yards.

- 1. **Attack:** the attackman's responsibility is to score goals. He/she generally restricts play to the offensive end. (midfield and up)
- 2. **Midfield:** the midfielder's responsibility is to cover the entire field playing both offense and defense.
- 3. **Defense:** the defenseman's responsibility is to defend the goal. He/she generally restricts play to the defensive end of the field. (midfield and back)
- 4. **Goal:** The goalie's responsibility is to protect the goal and stop the opposing team from scoring.

Other Words to Know

- 1. **Face-Off:** ball is placed between the sticks at center field. It begins the game and there is one after each goal.
- 2. Crease: circle around the goal. The only player in the crease is the goalie.
- 3. **Cradling:** method by which a player holds the ball in the sticks pocket, or crosse.
- 4. Shooting: push the head of stick forward, pull shaft back.
- 5. **Pick-Ups**: act of scooping a loose ball with a crosse.
- 6. **Dodging**: suddenly shifting direction in order to avoid an opponent.

Field Diagram:

